

DOCUMENTS

Statement of the Government of the
Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Speeches of Premiers KIM IL SUNG
and CHIVU STOICA

Joint Statement of the Governments
of D.P.R.K. and R.P.R.

On April 10, a Cabinet Plenum of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea was held. At the meeting the letter of N. S. Khrushchov, Chairman of the Council of Ministers, U.S.S.R., to Premier Kim Il Sung in connection with the decision of the Soviet Government on unilaterally stopping the tests of atomic and hydrogen weapons was read.

The plenum approved the statement of the D.P.R.K. Government in connection with the weighty measure of the Soviet Government.

STATEMENT

of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea

Proceeding from the sincere desire to make a practical start on the cessation of atomic and hydrogen weapon tests on a world scale and thereby to take the first step towards delivering mankind from the danger of atomic war, the U.S.S.R. Supreme Soviet decided on March 31, 1958, to discontinue the tests of all types of atomic and hydrogen weapons in the Soviet Union.

For the implementation of this decision of the U.S.S.R. Supreme Soviet, the Soviet Government adopted a decision on unilaterally stopping the tests of all types of atomic and hydrogen weapons from March 31, 1958.

In connection with this weighty measure of the Soviet Government, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea states as follows:

In the international relations today the cessation of atomic and hydrogen weapon tests is the most pressing question, which is deeply stirring the whole of mankind.

The uninterrupted tests of various types of atomic and hydrogen weapons are intensifying the arms race for manufacturing more ruinous and destructive military weapons and, thus are confronting mankind throughout the world with the danger of atomic war. More, these tests harm the health of the people and menace the normal growth of future genera-

tions. This is why the peace-loving people of the whole world are resolutely demanding the immediate, unconditional cessation of the atomic and hydrogen weapon tests.

It is generally known to the whole world what sincere and consistent efforts the Soviet Union has made in the recent years for reaching an international agreement on the cessation of nuclear weapon tests.

However, the western powers, far from showing a positive approach to the sincere and continued efforts of the Soviet Government, have been hatching undisguised machinations for further intensifying the nuclear arms race. This is amply proved by the fact that the United States is planning to carry out nuclear weapon tests continuously on islands of the Pacific Ocean and that West Germany, engineered by the United States, has recently taken the step of arming its forces with atomic and rocket weapons, thereby all the more aggravating the international situation.

More, the United States, which has introduced atomic weapons into South Korea in flagrant violation of the Korean Armistice Agreement, has been reinforcing of late the atomic equipment of the South Korean army in an attempt to hamper the peaceful unification

of Korea and further aggravate tension in the Far East.

Under the present situation in which the western powers are continuing the arms race and increasing the danger of atomic war, the question of stopping nuclear weapon tests stands out as an urgent question the solution of which must not be delayed any longer.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea warmly welcomes and fully supports the initiative of the Soviet Union of unilaterally discontinuing the tests of atomic and hydrogen weapons of all types at this grave moment, considering that it will make a new, great contribution to the cause of consolidating world peace and security.

The fact that today only three countries — the Soviet Union, the United States and Britain — possess nuclear weapons and are manufacturing them and that, in particular,

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the Soviet Union has taken a step for unilaterally discontinuing nuclear weapon tests provides a favourable condition for easily reaching an international agreement on the all-round cessation of the tests of these types of weapons.

Therefore, the decision of the Soviet Government is a timely and most correct step and now the solution of this question solely depends upon the United States and Britain.

Today the United States and Britain are put to a due, serious test in face of mankind of the whole world.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea demands that the United States and Britain respond to the Soviet initiative so as to make it possible to realize the effective initial step for rescuing mankind from the danger of atomic war.

Pyongyang

S P E E C H

by Premier KIM IL SUNG at Pyongyang City
Mass Rally

IN WELCOMING THE RUMANIAN GOVERNMENT DELEGATION

April 10, 1958

Esteemed Comrade Chivu Stoica, Chairman of the Council of Ministers!

Dear comrades members of the delegation!

Dear comrades and friends!

Today the entire Korean people are welcoming with great joy the Government Delegation of the fraternal Rumanian People's Republic led by Comrade Chivu Stoica, Chairman of the Council of Ministers. In welcoming you, our people are filled with the warm feeling of love and friendship towards you and the brotherly Rumanian people.

I, in the name of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Central Committee of the Korean Workers' Party and the entire Korean people, extend warm greetings to the Government Delegation of the Rumanian People's Republic. (*Prolonged applause.*)

Today the Rumanian people under the guidance of the glorious Rumanian Workers' Party and the Government of the Rumanian People's Republic are scoring signal achievements in their socialist construction. Having successfully carried out the First Five-Year Plan for socialist construction, the Rumanian people are now victoriously fulfilling the Second Five-Year Plan. In Rumania, the national economy is rapidly developing and the people's living is being improved and enhanced. In 1957 the gross industrial output of Rumania was 4.2 times that in 1948 and in the domain of rural economy the total grain output went beyond the preliberation peak level by 2,510,000 tons. Thus, the Rumanian People's Republic has been converted from a backward agrarian country into a developed socialist industrial-agricultural country.

The tremendous achievements made by the Rumanian people in socialist construction not only constitute the material foundation for the freedom and happiness of the Rumanian people but also a great contribution to a lasting

world peace and to the further consolidation of the socialist camp.

The Rumanian people are registering great achievements in the struggle for strengthening the internationalist friendship and unity with the peoples of the countries of the socialist camp and for consolidating world peace. The sincere efforts of the Rumanian People's Republic for a lasting peace and security in the Balkans are greatly conducive to the cause of world peace. Particularly, the peaceable initiative taken by the Rumanian People's Republic in September, 1957, for strengthening friendship and cooperation among the peoples of the Balkan States and preserving and consolidating peace in the Balkans commanded the active support of the world people.

We Korean people rejoice over all the achievements made by the brotherly Rumanian people as over their own. (*Applause.*)

We take boundless pride in having as our friend the Rumanian people who have staunchly upheld the banner of Marxism-Leninism, courageously overcoming all kinds of machinations of the international reaction against the socialist camp and every slander and calumny of the revisionists against communism. (*Applause.*)

When the Government Delegation of our country visited your country in 1956, we saw the features of the heroic struggle of the Rumanian people for peace and socialism and sensed with unfathomably deep emotion the warm love and friendly feeling of the Rumanian people towards the Korean people in the enthusiastic welcome of your people everywhere we went.

The visit to Korea of the delegation of the Rumanian People's Republic headed by Comrade G. Gheorghiu-Dej, First Secretary of the Rumanian Workers' Party, in the same year encouraged and inspired our people who were waging an arduous struggle for the

post-war rehabilitation and construction of the national economy and greatly conduced to the consolidation of the friendship and unity of the peoples of our two countries.

The peoples of our two countries are close brothers who are firmly united in the big family of the socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union.

Our two countries are closely united by the community of their state-social system, oneness of the aim of their struggle and the ideology of Marxism-Leninism and are supporting and helping each other on the principles of proletarian internationalism.

In the period of the Fatherland Liberation War of our people against the armed aggression of the U.S. imperialists and their minions, the Syngman Rhee clique, and in the period of the arduous struggle for the rehabilitation and development of the post-war national economy, the Rumanian people extended to the Korean people enormous material and technical aid and moral support and encouragement.

The medical groups dispatched by the Rumanian people rescued the lives of many of our people, sharing life and death, sweets and bitters with the Korean people under the barbarous bombings of the U.S. imperialists. The Rumanian people are bringing up with parental love thousands of our orphans who lost their parents during the war. Our people will never forget the enormous amount of relief goods sent by the Rumanian people and the warm hands of the Rumanian medical groups.

Since the armistice the Rumanian people have given a great amount of material aid to our people for enabling us speedily to heal the heavy wounds sustained during the war.

With the brotherly aid of the Rumanian people, we are now constructing the large-scale South Pyongan Provincial Central Hospital equipped with modern installations as well as a brick and tile yard, a cement factory and an aspirin factory.

The August 23 Farm Machine-hire Station erected with the precious gift of the Rumanian people is splendidly serving the cause of the development of the socialized rural economy of our country.

I extend, in the name of the entire Korean people, profound gratitude to the Rumanian people who are rendering unstinted aid to our

people in the struggle for freedom and happiness. (*Stormy applause.*)

The Korean people will strive to strengthen in every way friendship and solidarity with the Rumanian people and will march ahead forever together with the Rumanian people in the struggle for peace and socialism.

Encouraged by the brotherly aid of the peoples of the socialist countries headed by the Soviet Union, the Korean people have rehabilitated the war devastated national economy in a short span of time since the armistice and have come out as one in the struggle for laying the foundation of socialist economy.

Under the guidance of the Korean Workers' Party and the Government of the Republic, our people victoriously fulfilled the Post-war Three-Year National Economic Plan and are successfully carrying out the First Five-Year Plan which opens a broad vista for the development of our country.

The fulfilment of the Five-Year Plan, the first one of its kind in the history of our country, will further consolidate the economic foundation of socialism in the northern part of the Republic and basically solve the question of food, clothing and housing for the people.

During the Five-Year Plan period we will completely eliminate the colonial lopsidedness and backwardness of economy, and our country will be converted from a backward agricultural country into a self-supporting industrial-agricultural country. Our people registered great results in the fulfilment of the plan for 1957, the first year of the Five-Year Plan.

In 1957 the gross industrial output value of our country was 2.8 times that of the pre-war 1949, and the grain output surpassed by 20 per cent the pre-war level. The socialist form of economy has won a decisive victory in all fields of the national economy. By the end of 1957, 95.6 per cent of the entire peasant households had been cooperativized. The cities and rural villages of our country are changing their faces with every passing day thanks to the creative labour of our people.

The successful carrying out of the socialist construction in the northern half of our country is of weighty importance for the promotion of the peaceful unification of our country and for a lasting peace in the Far East.

The occupation of South Korea by the U.S. imperialists constitutes an obstacle to the peaceful unification of our country and the source of all hardships and misfortunes of the Korean people and a grave menace to peace in the Far East. The U.S. imperialists have been occupying the southern part of our country already for 12 years, pursuing the colonial enslavement policy and converting South Korea into a base for the provocation of a new, criminal war. In South Korea under the occupation of the U.S. imperialists, millions of unemployed and numerous foodless peasants have been driven into the quagmire of starvation and pauperism.

The Government of the Republic which has been consistently adhering to the line of the peaceful unification of the fatherland advanced on February 5 a series of important proposals for the withdrawal of all foreign troops from North and South Korea and for the peaceful unification of Korea by the Koreans themselves. These just and realistic proposals of ours are enjoying the unanimous support of the entire Korean people and the peace-loving people of the whole world.

The Government of the Chinese People's Republic which has been exerting consistent, sincere efforts for the peaceful solution of the Korean question actively supported our proposals and took initiative for the complete withdrawal of the Chinese People's Volunteers from Korea by the end of this year. And the first stage withdrawal is already nearing completion.

This constitutes an important step for consolidating peace in Asia and facilitating the peaceful solution of the Korean question.

However, the U.S. imperialists are continuously occupying South Korea, thereby revealing even more clearly their filthy, aggressive character before the peoples of the whole world. The U.S. imperialist marauders are not only trying to continue the stationing of their army in South Korea, but also keeping tension in Korea by introducing various new types of weapons including atomic weapons, further intensifying the barbarous oppression of the South Korean people and frequently causing provocative incidents in flagrant violation of the Armistice Agreement.

The U.S. imperialists can find no pretext to cover up the aggressive policy against Korea, nor is there any longer a mask they can don.

Recently in South Korea, the outrages of

the U.S. imperialists are committed still more openly and frequently with every passing day. The occupation of South Korea by the U.S. aggressors and their atrocities are arousing greater indignation and hatred of the entire Korean people.

However, no manoeuvre of the U.S. imperialists can block the onward march of the Korean people toward the peaceful unification of the fatherland. The Korean people are firmly convinced of the justness of their struggle and of their victory. The Korean people have the powerful democratic base in the northern part of our country which is developing on the socialist road, the inexhaustible strength of the popular masses united rocklike around the Korean Workers' Party and the Government of the Republic and the brotherly aid and support of the mighty socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union. Overcoming all difficulties, the Korean people will certainly accomplish the peaceful unification of their country and will honourably safeguard the eastern outpost for peace and socialism.

Dear comrades and friends!

We are now living in a great transition period, in which peace and socialism are decisively triumphing over the forces of war and imperialism. The initiative for the world developments is already in the hands of the peoples of the countries of the socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union.

No force on earth can defeat the peoples of the countries of the great socialist camp which has a population of nearly 1,000 million and embraces one fourth of the world territory.

Today the struggle of the world people for peace and socialism has entered a new stage. The internationalist friendship and solidarity of the peoples of the countries of the socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union has become stronger than ever, and the idea of peace has become the standard of the struggle of the people the world over for their freedom and happiness.

The meetings of representatives of the Communist and Workers' Parties of various countries held in Moscow in November last demonstrated the unity of the socialist camp and the inviolable solidarity of the international communist movement and greatly encouraged and spurred on the struggle of the world people for peace.

The Soviet Union, the firm citadel of peace and socialism, has made consistent, sincere

efforts for the relaxation of international tension and for a lasting peace of the world.

The Soviet Union has been insisting on such important measures as the general reduction of armaments, the cessation of the use and tests of atomic and hydrogen weapons and the convening of a meeting of the heads of the big powers for the peaceful solution of international questions.

These proposals of the Soviet Union are an expression of the sincere efforts of the Soviet Government for world peace, and their realization will open up a realistic way for preventing war and peacefully settling the international questions. However, the imperialist ruling circles with the U.S. imperialists as their ringleader are trying to distort and calumniate in every way the Soviet proposals, are carrying out all sorts of evil machinations for foiling them and, in particular, are hampering the convening of a meeting of big power government heads under various unreasonable pretexts.

The recent meeting of the Supreme Soviet of the U.S.S.R. decided to discontinue unilaterally the tests of atomic and hydrogen weapons. This step taken by the Soviet Government, which is firmly adhering to peace policy, makes another important contribution to easing international tension and to world peace.

The world people are extending unanimous support to the reasonable proposals of the Soviet Union, and in the United States and Britain, too, the voices of the people supporting the proposals of the Soviet Government are ringing out still higher as the days go by.

The Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the entire Korean people are warmly approving and supporting the decision of the Soviet Government for peace. Together with the world people, we strongly demand that the United States and Britain also stop the tests of atomic and hydrogen weapons at once, following the example of the Soviet Union. For all the evil

schemes and desperate attempts of the imperialist aggressive circles who are continuously pursuing the cold war and the expansion of armaments and seeking to maintain the crumbling imperialist colonial system and to reverse the wheels of history, the world people are all the more vigorously marching onward toward peace and socialism. No force can block the course of the historical development, the course of the ruin of capitalism and the victory of socialism. The victory of socialism is inevitable and our future is filled with victory and happiness. (*Stormy applause.*)

The Korean people regard it a boundless happiness and the greatest honour to take an active part, together with the peoples of the socialist countries headed by the Soviet Union, in the common cause of peace and socialism.

In this great struggle we will always march onward together with the peoples of the socialist countries and with the fraternal Rumanian people. Our people will uphold to the last the banner of Marxism-Leninism and proletarian internationalism and will remain loyal to the cause of peace and socialism under any difficult conditions.

The people of our two countries are separated by a distance of thousands of miles. But our mind is one and our aim is one. We Korean people will continuously strengthen the friendship and solidarity with the Rumanian people also in the future and will remain eternal friends of the Rumanian people. (*Stormy applause.*)

Long live the everlasting friendship and solidarity between the Korean people and the Rumanian people!

Long live the glorious Rumanian Workers' Party and the Rumanian People's Republic!

Long live the unity and solidarity of the socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union!

Long live world peace! (*Prolonged, stormy applause.*)

S P E E C H
by Premier CHIVU STOICA at Pyongyang City
Mass Rally
IN WELCOMING THE RUMANIAN GOVERNMENT DELEGATION

April 10, 1958

Esteemed Comrade Kim Il Sung!
Dear comrades and friends!

We are happy to have the honour of staying in Pyongyang, your great democratic capital, among the heroic sons of the Korean people, the reliable brother and friend of our people. (*Stormy applause.*)

The heroic and devoted Korean people won the admiration of all the progressive people in the struggle they waged, shoulder to shoulder with the Chinese People's Volunteers, for defending the independence of their country against the imperialist aggression. The Korean people demonstrated to the world that unconquerable are the people who are possessed of ardent patriotism, firmly united under the people's democratic system and who, with their destiny in their hands, construct socialism and create a new life.

Staying in your country, the country of morning with crystal waters and beautiful mountains where ancient culture and civilization are efflorescing, we have the opportunity of seeing with our own eyes the perseverance, diligence and creativeness of the Korean people and acquainting ourselves better with your struggle for the economic and cultural development of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and with the wise guidance of the Korean Workers' Party, a Marxist-Leninist Party.

We pay high tribute to you who have rehabilitated almost all your capital which was reduced to debris and made enormous labour achievements in the work of reconstructing burnt cities and rural villages and newly building and rehabilitating a large number of factories, manufactories, dwelling houses and social and cultural institutions.

The Rumanian people sincerely rejoice over the fact that the Korean people overfulfilled the Three-Year National Economic Plan and are now successfully carrying out the targets

of the First Five-Year National Economic Plan.

By rapidly developing the industry of the country, you have brought it considerably above the pre-war industrial production level. And, especially, you made the signal achievement of cooperativizing 95.6 per cent of the total farm households by the end of 1957.

We are convinced that the Korean people will score greater success in their socialist construction in the future.

The Rumanian people are also devoting themselves in the socialist construction for the industrial development, the socialist transformation of agriculture, the increase in agricultural production and the continuous upsurge in the economic power of the state.

The Rumanian Workers' Party is successfully implementing the policy of developing the economy and culture of the country for enhancing the people's living continuously.

Everlasting and immortal is the friendship formed between the Rumanian and Korean peoples in the big family of the socialist countries on the basis of the community of the interest in socialist construction and in the defence of peace and of the oneness of their ideology — Marxism-Leninism. (*Applause.*)

A new form of relations which can be seen only among the socialist countries — the relations of brotherly aid and brotherly cooperation in the spheres of economy, culture, technology and science — is developing between our countries.

The visit of the Delegation of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea led by Comrade Kim Il Sung to our country and the visit of the Delegation of the Rumanian People's Republic headed by Comrade Gheorghe Gheorghiu-Dej to your country made a great contribution to the development of the relations of cooperation and friendship and the deepening of mutual understanding between Rumania and Korea.

Our present visit and the talks to be held with the leaders of the Korean people during the visit will contribute to the further consolidation and development of these relations which correspond to the aspiration and interests of the peoples of our two countries. *(Applause.)*

Dear comrades,

The people of our country, building socialism, are deeply concerned about preserving and safeguarding world peace.

Our two countries, together with the Soviet Union, People's China and other socialist countries, have been and are consistently pursuing a positive peace policy. Today the big family of socialism is firmly standing at the van of the peace forces which are much stronger than the aggressive forces. *(Applause.)*

The unity and solidarity of the socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union constitutes a source of the strength for each socialist country and a guarantee for progress, world peace and security.

The historical documents adopted at the meetings of representatives of Communist and Workers' Parties of various countries held in Moscow in November last greatly contributed to demonstrating the unity and solidarity of the countries of the socialist camp and the victory of the international labour and communist movement. *(Applause.)*

The Rumanian People's Republic and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea are striving for the cooperation and friendship with all countries with differing social systems.

Consistently pursuing the foreign policy based on the principles of peaceful coexistence, our two countries fully support the proposal of the Soviet Government on convening a summit conference for the solution of the matured international questions.

We are satisfied with the fact that the forces supporting the convening of the conference is stronger than the forces of western powers opposing this.

The people demand that this conference be convened without delay and hope that the results of this conference will contribute, not falling short of the expectation of the people, to the work of ensuring peace and security on the basis of peaceful coexistence of all countries. Our people and Government, which

strongly demand the suspension of the tests of nuclear weapons, welcome the decision of the Soviet Union on unilaterally suspending the test explosion of all kinds of atomic and hydrogen weapons.

The entire people are fully aware of the great importance of this decision, for they know what danger the test explosion of atomic and hydrogen weapons brings about at present and will bring about in the future upon the health and life of the living things by creating radioactive material in the air.

This decision of the Soviet Union has opened a road for preventing the tests of atomic and hydrogen weapons in any part of the globe, removing the danger caused by their explosion and putting an end to the equipping with atomic weapons.

Now this question can be comparatively easily solved, because only three powers possess nuclear weapons. The United States and Britain should follow the example of the Soviet Union.

The suspension of the tests of nuclear weapons constitutes the first step toward the general prohibition of atomic and hydrogen weapons and an important measure for preventing the danger of atomic war.

This important measure will be conducive to realizing the desire of the people for establishing atom-free zones in Europe and Asia. At the same time, we strongly demand the solution of the questions of dissolving military blocs, removing military bases and withdrawing foreign troops from territories of other countries and also the solution of the questions of respecting independence and sovereignty of the peoples of Asia, Africa and the rest of the world and promoting economic and cultural exchange among the states.

Right here, in Korea, the U.S. aggressors, together with the South Korean puppets, are maintaining tension by violating the Armistice Agreement, converting South Korea into an atomic base and carrying out all sorts of machinations running counter to the interests of the Korean people.

We know well that the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is thoroughly carrying out a policy which is faithful to peace and international cooperation and which accords with the interests and desire of the Korean people.

We are pleased with the fact that the active efforts of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for accomplishing the unification of the nation, the greatest desire of the entire Korean people, are enjoying the unanimous support of the peace forces and the people. (*Loud applause.*)

The Government of the Rumanian People's Republic fully supports the proposals of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on the withdrawal of foreign troops and the peaceful unification of Korea on a democratic basis through negotiations between the North and South. (*Stormy applause.*)

We warmly welcome the important initiative of the Governments of the Chinese People's Republic and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the withdrawal of the Chinese People's Volunteers from Korea by the end of 1958. This initiative constitutes a great contribution to the peaceful solution of the Korean issue, to the relaxation of tension in the Far East and to the consolidation of universal peace.

The United States and other countries which are stationing their troops in South Korea should withdraw their troops at the earliest date. We are convinced that the lofty de-

sire of the Korean people for national unification will be certainly realized. (*Applause.*)

Dear comrades,

The Rumanian and Korean peoples who have become brothers in the struggle for the socialist construction and peace will continuously strengthen in the future the friendship and cooperation between the two countries, which coincide with their interests, and will make contributions to the victory of socialism and communism, the defence of peace and international cooperation. (*Applause.*)

Dear comrades,

We express profound gratitude for your brotherly welcome.

I ask you to convey to the entire Pyongyang citizens and the entire Korean people the friendly salute and greetings of the Rumanian people who wish you success in the patriotic struggle you are waging under the guidance of the Korean Workers' Party and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. (*Stormy applause.*)

Long live the undying friendship between the Rumanian people and the Korean people!

Long live the forces of the socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union!

Long live peace among all nations! (*Prolonged, stormy applause.*)

JOINT STATEMENT

of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Rumanian People's Republic

A government delegation of the Rumanian People's Republic headed by CHIVU STOICA, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the Rumanian People's Republic, stayed in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea on a good-will visit from April 10 to 13, 1958, at the invitation of the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

During this visit, talks were held in Pyongyang between the Government Delegations of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Rumanian People's Republic.

The talks were attended from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea by KIM IL SUNG, Premier of the Cabinet, Kim Il, Vice-Premier, Nam Il, Vice-Premier and Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Li Dong Kun, Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs.

Attending from the Rumanian People's Republic were CHIVU STOICA, Chairman of the Council of Ministers, Emil Bodnaras, Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers, Avram Bunaciu, Foreign Minister, and Anton Tatu Jianu, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Rumanian People's Republic to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

At the talks, which proceeded in an atmosphere of brotherly friendship and mutual understanding, complete unanimity of opinion was reached on all questions discussed.

Opinions were exchanged at the talks on the question of expanding and developing the relations of friendly cooperation between the two countries, the question of strengthening the unity and solidarity among the countries of the socialist camp, the question on the present international situation and on a number of other questions.

The friendly relations between the two countries are based on the principle of proletarian internationalism, brotherly cooperation and mutual aid as well as on the community of their struggle for socialist construction and world peace.

Both sides consider that the visit of the Government Delegation of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to Rumania and the visit of the delegation of the Rumanian People's Republic to Korea in 1956 made important contributions to the development of the friendly cooperation between the two countries.

The Government Delegation of the Rumanian People's Republic expressed satisfaction with the achievements made by the Korean people, under the guidance of the Korean Workers' Party and the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, on the road of rapidly healing the war wounds and constructing socialism through their devoted, patriotic labour.

Both sides once again stress the enormous significance of the historical conferences of representatives of Communist and Workers' Parties of various countries held in Moscow in November, 1957, and of declarations adopted at these conferences.

Both sides evince the determination to do their utmost in the future, too, for further strengthening on the principle of Marxism-Leninism the unity and solidarity among the countries of the socialist camp headed by the Soviet Union.

In international relations, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Government of the Rumanian People's Republic will continuously develop the all-round relations with all countries on the

principle of peaceful coexistence among the countries with differing social systems. The Governments of the two countries resolutely oppose all the attempts of the imperialists to interfere in the internal affairs of other countries.

Fully supporting the initiative of the Government of the Rumanian People's Republic for convening a conference of the heads of government of the Balkan countries, the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea considers that the realization of this initiative will make an important contribution to the cause of consolidating peace and security in this area.

Both sides fully support the proposal of the Soviet Government on convening a summit conference of big powers for the relaxation of international tension and for the solving of matured international questions. Both sides warmly welcome the decision of the U.S.S.R. Supreme Soviet on the unilateral ending of the tests of atomic and hydrogen weapons. This decision constitutes an important step opening the way for all countries in possession of atomic and hydrogen weapons to stop at once the tests of these weapons. The United States and Britain should also adopt such decision at an early date.

Both sides regard the prohibition of atomic and hydrogen weapons, dissolution of military blocs and removal of military bases, withdrawal of foreign troops stationed in the territories of other countries and establishment of an atom-free zone as matters of special significance in easing international tension, restoring trust in the international relations and in preventing a new war. Both sides support the proposal of the Government of the Polish People's Republic on establishing an atom-free zone in Central Europe.

Both sides denounce the policy of the U.S. aggressive circles which are spurring West Germany on to prepare an atomic war.

Both sides support the stand and consistent efforts of the German Democratic Republic for unifying Germany by peaceful means through contacts between the two German states.

Considering that an end must be put to the present situation in which the implementation of the Geneva Agreements on the Indochina question is hindered and sabotaged, both sides denounce the machinations of the

United States to convert South Viet-Nam into a military base and to draw it into the aggressive Seato bloc.

The two sides actively support the efforts of the Viet-Nam Democratic Republic for the peaceful unification of Viet-Nam and consider that the realization of the proposals of the Government of the Viet-Nam Democratic Republic dated March 7, 1958, will promote the unification of Viet-Nam.

The two sides express deep sympathy and solidarity with the Algerian people and all the Asian and African peoples who are fighting against colonialism and for freedom and independence. Both sides denounce all and every attempt of any foreign country to interfere in the internal affairs of Indonesia and actively support the heroic struggle of the Indonesian people for safeguarding the sovereignty of their country.

Both sides consider that the Chinese People's Republic, a great power which exercises weighty influence on international life, should take its legitimate seat in the United Nations. This also accords with the interests of the United Nations.

Supporting in their entirety all the measures taken by the Government of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the peaceful unification of Korea, the Government of the Rumanian People's Republic deems that the proposals put forward in the statement of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea dated February 5, 1958, completely coincide with the unanimous aspiration of the Korean people who are fighting for the peaceful unification of their country and with the interests of peace.

The Government of the Rumanian People's Republic considers that the initiative taken by the Korean-Chinese side for withdrawing the Chinese People's Volunteers from Korea opened up a new realistic possibility for the peaceful settlement of the Korean question and constitutes an important contribution to the cause of easing tension in the Far East.

The two sides declare that the United States and other countries which have their armed forces in South Korea should immediately withdraw their troops as the Chinese People's Volunteers are doing.

Both sides manifest the conviction that the visit of the Government Delegation of the Rumanian People's Republic to the Democratic

People's Republic of Korea and the talks between the Government Delegations of the two countries will be a new contribution to strengthening and developing the relation of friendship and cooperation between the Korean people and the people of Rumania.

KIM IL SUNG
Premier of the Cabinet of the
Democratic People's Republic of
Korea

CHIVU STOICA
Chairman of the Council of
Ministers of the Rumanian
People's Republic

April 12, 1958

Pyongyang